



# MY FAMILY



Scan to review worksheet

Expemo code:  
135I-31Q9-1566

**1**

## Warm up

Complete the table with these family words.

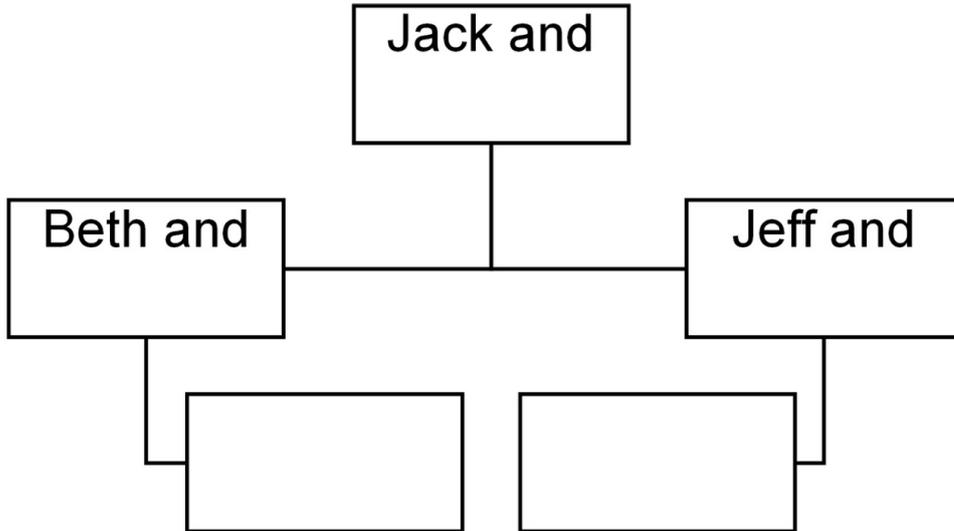
aunt	mother	son	sister
husband	niece	grandfather	

male	female
_____ 1	grandmother
father	_____ 2
_____ 3	daughter
brother	_____ 4
_____ 5	wife
uncle	_____ 6
nephew	_____ 7
cousin	cousin



**2** Reading

Read about the family in the photo and complete the diagram with the missing names.



Hi! I'm Beth.

That's me in the red top. This is my family. I'm married, and my husband's name is Tim. We've got a daughter named Sarah. My parents are in the middle of the picture - Jack and Olivia. Sarah sees her grandmother and grandfather every day because we live in the same town.

I've got one brother named Jeff. He's in the picture with his wife, Sandra. They've got a daughter, Tamsin. We don't see them very much because they live in another city. Sarah and Tamsin and talk on the phone a lot. Tamsin's got a cat. Sarah really wants to visit her aunt and uncle when she is older.





Read the text again and decide if these sentences are true or false. If they are false, correct the information to make them true.

### True or false

1. Sarah has got an uncle, and his name is Jeff.
2. Olivia's got two daughters.
3. Tamsin is Tim's niece.
4. Sandra is Sarah's grandmother.
5. Jack is Beth's father.
6. Sarah's got a sister named Tamsin.
7. Olivia is Jack's wife.
8. Sarah wants to visit Jeff and Olivia.

### 3

### Language Point

Study these sentences.

We've got a daughter named Sarah.

I've got one brother named Jeff.

They've got a daughter, Tamsin.

Tamsin's got a cat.

We use **have got** (as well as **have**) to talk about our families and relationships and also about possessions, or things we own. **Have got** and **have** mean the same thing, but the grammar is different. **Have got** is more informal.

	<i>positive sentence</i>	<i>negative sentence</i>	<i>question</i>	<i>short answers</i>
I/you/we/they	've got a brother (have got a brother).	haven't got a brother (have not got a brother).	Have they got a brother?	Yes, they have. No, they haven't.
he/she/it	's got a brother (has got a brother).	hasn't got a brother (he has not got a brother).	Has he got a brother?	Yes. she has. No. she hasn't.

1. The verb forms for **have got** are always the same / change with the subject.
2. Questions and short answers with **have got** use a form of **do** / a form of **have**.
3. We **use** / **don't use** contractions with **have got** for positive sentences.



**4 Practice**

Read these sentences and decide if there is a mistake. If the sentence is correct, put *a tick* next to it. If the sentence has a mistake, correct it.

I got two sisters.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

He's got a daughter.

2. \_\_\_\_\_

They haven't a dog.

3. \_\_\_\_\_

She haven't got a brother.

4. \_\_\_\_\_

Do you got a cousin? Yes, I have.

5. \_\_\_\_\_

Has he got a wife? Yes, he has.

6. \_\_\_\_\_

Have we got an uncle? Yes, we do.

7. \_\_\_\_\_

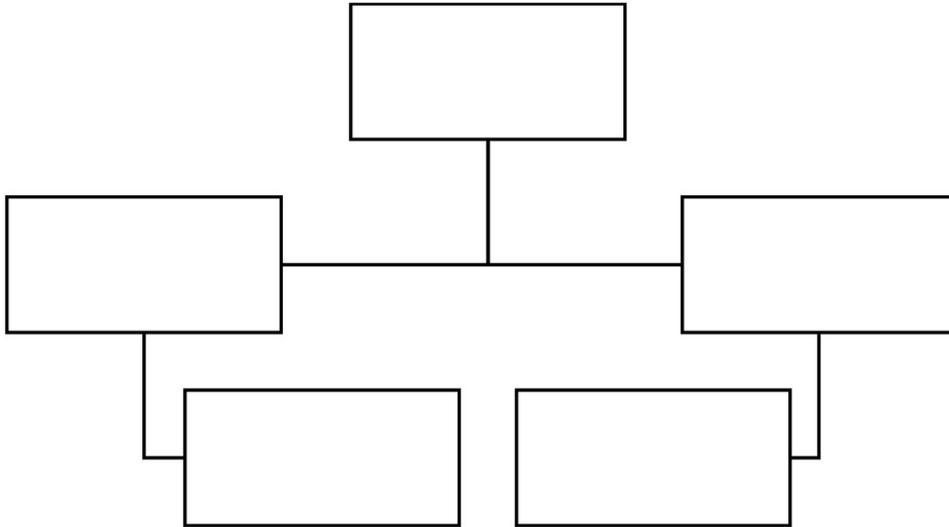
Has she got a husband? No, she's not.

8. \_\_\_\_\_



### 5 Speaking

You are going to describe a family. You can describe your own family, a family you know, or a famous family from a TV show or book. First, draw a diagram of family names like the one in the Reading. You can change this diagram or add information.

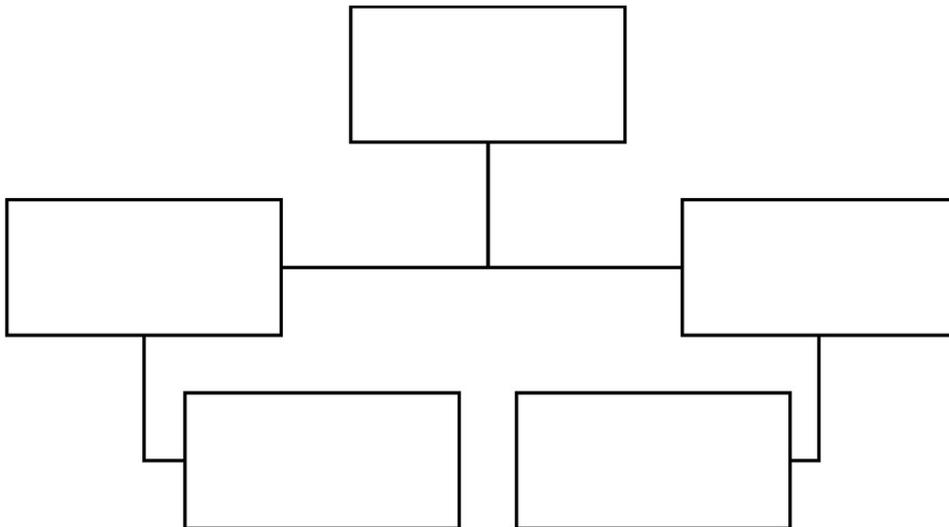


Now speak in pairs about your diagram. Choose one person and explain the family from their point of view. Ask questions to get more information. Make notes about your partner's family.

Example:

A: This is me. I've got two brothers,- Julian and Antonio.

B: OK. Have you got a sister too?



Answer your teacher's questions about your partner's family.



## 6

**Extra practice/homework**

Complete the gaps with words from the box.

grandsons	've	cousins	hasn't	grandmother
wife	got	sons	nephew	's

Jenny's \_\_\_\_\_<sup>1</sup> a big family. She \_\_\_\_\_<sup>2</sup> got two brothers, but she \_\_\_\_\_<sup>3</sup> got a sister. Her brother Chris is married. His \_\_\_\_\_<sup>4</sup> is named Angie. They \_\_\_\_\_<sup>5</sup> got two sons. Jenny is married, and she's also got two \_\_\_\_\_<sup>6</sup>. Jenny sees her \_\_\_\_\_<sup>7</sup> when she visits Chris and Angie. The four \_\_\_\_\_<sup>8</sup> enjoy playing together. Jenny's mother loves seeing her \_\_\_\_\_<sup>9</sup>, and the boys love their \_\_\_\_\_<sup>10</sup>.

## 7

**Optional extension**

We use both *have* and *have got* in many everyday sentences.

- Families: I have/have got three children.
- I need help: I have/have got a question!
- Timetables: I have/have got a class at 9:00 am.

Sometimes we use *have* (but not *have got*) for events or things that happen at a specific time.

- Celebrations: When it's my birthday, I have a party.
- Eating and drinking: We have breakfast at 8:00 am, lunch at 1:30 pm, and dinner at 7:00 pm.

Match these phrases to similar examples above.

a coffee	fun	kids	a meeting
a new baby	a problem	a snack	

Make sentences about yourself. Tell your partner.